

## Blueprint 6.2 Project Administration Guide

# blueprint

## Contents

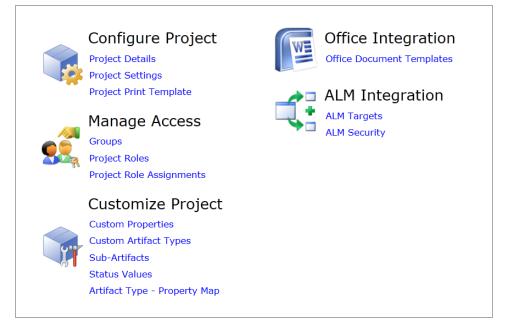
Project Administration	4
Defining and managing project roles	5
Creating project roles	6
Modifying project roles	
Managing project-level groups	8
Creating project-level groups	
Modifying project-level groups	
Adding members to a project-level group	10
Removing members from a project-level group	
Managing project role assignments	11
Creating project role assignments	
Modifying project role assignments	13
Deleting project role assignments	
Managing custom artifact types	14
Creating custom artifact types	
Modifying custom artifact types	17
Deleting custom artifact types	
Customizing the layout of custom properties	20
Displaying a custom property in a tabbed layout	21
Changing the height of a custom property	21
Changing the width of a custom property	22
Managing custom properties	
Creating custom properties	23
Single-line properties vs. multi-line text properties	23
Modifying custom properties	25
Deleting custom properties	27
Associating custom properties with sub-artifacts	28
Adding a custom property to a sub-artifact	28
Removing a custom property from a sub-artifact	
Replacing a custom property with the standard	29
Overview	
Managing status values	
Creating a new approval status value	
Creating a new discussion status value	
Deleting a status value	

Configuring project details	3
Changing the project name	4
Changing the project description	5
Changing the project location	5
Downloading project XML data	6
Managing project-level office document templates	6
Adding an office document template to a project	6
Managing ALM targets and security	7
Supported ALM Systems	7
Creating ALM targets	8
Granting access to an ALM target	2
Revoking access from an ALM target	2
Configuring the commenting settings	3
Modifying the default print template at the project level	3
Configuring project settings	5

## **Project Administration**

Blueprint's *Project Admin Editor* allows you to manage all aspects of the project, such as groups, project roles, custom artifact properties, custom artifact types, and status values. You can also configure your document templates and integrations.

The Project Admin Editor looks like this:



The Project Admin editor provides you with access to the following settings:

- Project Details: Allows you to set the name and description of the project.
- Project Settings: Allows you to modify various project-wide settings, such as the ability to enable or disable comment modification.
- Project Print Template: Allows you to modify the default template that is used for exporting and printing artifacts.
- Groups: Provides you with the ability to manage groups and group members. You can add users or groups to a group.
- Project Roles: Provides you with the ability to <u>define and manage roles</u>, using on a number of privileges that can be granted to each role.
- Project Role Assignments: Allows you to assign users or groups to a role. Project roles can be assigned at the project level, or you can limit the scope of the project role to a folder or artifact.
- Custom Properties: Allows you to create custom properties. You can apply custom properties and standard properties to individual artifact types.
- Custom Artifact Types: Allows you to manage custom artifact types. You can create new custom artifact types, modify existing custom artifact types, and associate custom properties with custom artifact types.
- Sub Artifacts: Allows you to associate custom properties with sub-artifact types.
- Status Values: Allows you to manage status values. You can create new status values for approvals and discussions, or modify existing status values.
- Artifact Type Property Map: Allows you to view the associations between artifact types and properties within the project.
- Office Document Templates: Allows you to <u>manage office document templates</u> so users can export Blueprint artifacts to Microsoft Word and Microsoft Excel documents.

- ALM Integration Targets: Allows you to <u>manage ALM integration targets</u> so users can export Blueprint artifacts and test plans to ALM systems.
- ALM Integration Security: Allows you to manage ALM integration target security so you can control which users can access each ALM target.

### Defining and managing project roles

In Blueprint, privileges are defined by certain project administrators at the project role level. Project roles offer you a powerful way to control access to the project. You can use project roles to define various levels of access based on your team or organization's needs. You can then assign users and groups to the appropriate project roles.

#### Example

John, a senior business analyst, has been asked to create project roles for two different groups of users. The requirements authors require the ability to view, modify, and establish trace relationships. The reviewers of the artifacts only require the ability to view and comment on artifacts.

John creates two new project roles called **Authors** and **Reviewers**. He grants the **Authors** role the following privileges: **Read**, **Edit**, and **Trace**. John grants the **Reviewers** role the **Read** and **Comment** privileges.

Project roles are defined and managed using the *Project Roles* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. The *Project Roles* tab looks like this:

wyr	igs Air - Reserv Projec	r Koles ×			
Proj	ect Roles			Proje	ect Role Details
	Project Role Name 🛛 🏹	Description	V	Name	81
>	Author	Author = Read, Edit, Trace, Comment		Auth	or
	Collaborator	Collaborator = Read, Comment		Desci	iption:
	Project Administrator	Project Administrator = Read, Edit, Trace, Comment, Steal Lock, and Project Admin		Auth	or = Read, Edit, Trace, Comment
	Reader	Read = Read Only			
				Privile	
					n Privilege
				V	Create and Edit
				1	Delete
				<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Trace Comment
				<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Delete Any Comment
					Steal Lock
				~	
				V	Share via Home Page
				v	Reuse
					Excel Update
				<u> </u>	ct Administrator Role:
				Defa	ult Project Administrator •
				Proje	ct Administrator Role Description:
					ect administrator role with all project privileges for managing project guration, ALM integration settings and groups and roles.
					Save Cancel

Each role has a name, description, and a set of privileges. The following privileges can be applied to a project role:

Privilege	Description
Read	Provides the ability to view artifacts.
Create and Edit	Provides the ability to modify and publish artifacts. If the <b>Create and Edit</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> privilege is automatically granted.
Delete	Provides the ability to delete artifacts.

Privilege	Description
Trace	Provides the ability to create trace relationships between artifacts. If the <b>Trace</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> privilege is automatically granted. <b>Note:</b> In order to create a trace, the user must also have <b>Create and Edit</b> permissions on at least one of the artifacts.
Comment	Provides the ability to add new comments and replies. If the <b>Comment</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> privilege is automatically granted.
Delete Any Comment	Provides the ability to delete comments and replies.
Steal Lock	Provides the ability to steal the lock from other users. If the <b>Steal Lock</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> and <b>Create and Edit</b> privileges are automatically granted.
	Warning: Stealing a lock discards all unpublished changes of the user that previously held the lock.
Can Report	Provides the ability to produce Blueprint Analytics reports. If the <b>Can Report</b> privilege is granted, the user can produce Blueprint Analytics reports using the project data in PowerPivot.
	Note: Blueprint Analytics reporting requires a Blueprint Analytics license.
Share via Home Page	Provides the ability to share projects and artifacts to the Home page, allowing all other users with author or collaborate licenses to view the item under <i>Shared Items</i> .
Reuse	Provides the ability to reuse artifacts that have standard artifact types.
Excel Update	Provides the ability to update artifacts by importing a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet containing artifact data.
	<b>Note:</b> Excel Update must be enabled in the <b>Instance Settings</b> (Instance Administration Console) for the <b>Excel Update</b> role privilege to be available.

## **Creating project roles**

Creating project roles allows you to maintain various levels of access to the project.

To create a new project role:

- 1. Open the Project Roles tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Project Roles** link.

The Project Roles tab is displayed.

2. Click the **New** button.

A new role appears in the Project Role list.

- 3. Provide a name for the project role.
- 4. Provide a description for the project role.
- 5. Select the privileges you want to grant to the project role.

Place a checkmark beside the privileges that are applicable to the project role:

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Privilege	Description
Read	Provides the ability to view artifacts.
Create and Edit	Provides the ability to modify and publish artifacts. If the <b>Create and Edit</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> privilege is automatically granted.
Delete	Provides the ability to delete artifacts.
Trace	Provides the ability to create trace relationships between artifacts. If the <b>Trace</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> privilege is automatically granted. <b>Note:</b> In order to create a trace, the user must also have <b>Create and Edit</b> permissions on at least one of the artifacts.
Comment	Provides the ability to add new comments and replies. If the <b>Comment</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> privilege is automatically granted.
Delete Any Comment	Provides the ability to delete comments and replies.
Steal Lock	Provides the ability to steal the lock from other users. If the <b>Steal Lock</b> privilege is granted, the <b>Read</b> and <b>Create and Edit</b> privileges are automatically granted.
	Warning: Stealing a lock discards all unpublished changes of the user that previously held the lock.
Can Report	Provides the ability to produce Blueprint Analytics reports. If the <b>Can Report</b> privilege is granted, the user can produce Blueprint Analytics reports using the project data in PowerPivot.
	Note: Blueprint Analytics reporting requires a Blueprint Analytics license.
Share via Home Page	Provides the ability to share projects and artifacts to the Home page, allowing all other users with author or collaborate licenses to view the item under <i>Shared Items</i> .
Reuse	Provides the ability to reuse artifacts that have standard artifact types.
Excel Update	Provides the ability to update artifacts by importing a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet containing artifact data.
	<b>Note:</b> Excel Update must be enabled in the <b>Instance Settings</b> (Instance Administration Console) for the <b>Excel Update</b> role privilege to be available.

- 6. Select the project administrator role with the administrative privileges that you want the project role to have.
- 7. Click Save.

After you have created a project role, you may want to <u>assign users or groups to the role</u>. You can also modify the project role details or privileges at any time.

## **Modifying project roles**

**Warning**: If you modify the privileges granted to a role, all users and groups assigned to that role are affected.

### To modify an existing project role:

- 1. Open the *Project Roles* tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - Click the Project Roles link. The Project Roles tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the project role you want to modify.

Select a project role by clicking a row in the table. The role details are displayed on the right side of the page.

- 3. Modify the project role name, if desired.
- 4. Modify the project role description, if desired.
- 5. Modify the privileges of project role, if desired.

Place a checkmark beside the privileges that are applicable to the project role.

6. Click Save.

### Managing project-level groups

User creation must be performed by an instance administrator but, with the correct privileges, project administrators can create project-level groups and add users to groups. Project administrators can also add groups to other groups. After a group is created, the group details can be edited and group members can be added or removed as needed.

**Note**: Project administrators can only modify groups that exist at the project level. Project administrators can use groups that exist at the instance level, but cannot modify instance-level groups.

Project-level groups are managed using the *Groups* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. When you open the *Groups* tab, the groups are displayed in the leftmost panel, and the group details are displayed in the rightmost panel.

**Note**: The *Groups* tab in the *Project Administration Console* displays all project-level groups for this project, and all instance-level groups. Project administrators with the right privileges can create, modify, and delete project-level groups from the *Project Administration Console*. However, project administrators cannot create, modify, or delete instance-level groups from the *Project Administration Console*.

#### The Groups tab looks like this:

iro	ups								oup Details				
	Name	Y E-mail	V	Scope V	Source 🟹	License	¥ *	Nat			Sou	irce: Database	
>	1xyz				Database			1×					
	aa_TEST GLOBAL GROUP				Database	None		E-n	nail:				
	AF Authors	aaa@company.com			Database	Author							
	agnes2				Database	None		Sco	ipe:				
	AH-Test520				Database	Author							
	alAuthorGroup				Database	Author			ense Group? License	туре:			
	Allison's Test Group				Database	None		1	Autho				
	asdasdasd	asd@asd.com			Database	Author		Me	mbers:				
	Authors				Database	Author			Add Remove				
	BB Created at Instance				Database	None			Name 🍐 🏹	Member Type 🍸	E-mail	Y	Source 🍸
	Bedrock				Database	None			TestUserAuthor1	User			Database
	BLUEPRINT\Backup Operators				Windows				View User	User			Database
	blueprint\Blueprint Customer Files Team					Collaborate							
	BLUEPRINT\Cert Publishers				Windows	None	-					Save	Cancel

#### **Understanding the Groups Tab**

The Groups tab is accessible from both the Instance Administration Console and the Project Administration Console, but your ability to perform certain operations differs slightly depending on whether you are an instance administrator or a project administrator.

The left side of the *Groups* tab provides you with a table containing the following columns of information about each group:

- *Name*: Indicates the name of the group.
- *Email*: Indicates the group email address.
- Scope: Indicates the scope of the group. If a scope is defined, the group is only visible at the specified project level. If no scope is defined, the group is visible within all projects.

**Note**: Groups that are created at the instance-level cannot be modified by project administrators, regardless of the group scope.

Source: Indicates the source of the group. The value in this column can be either Database or Windows. Blueprint only allows project administrators with the applicable privileges to manage Database groups. Windows groups are derived from the Active Directory, therefore cannot be managed by the project administrator.

After you select a group from the table, the group details are displayed on the right side of the page, including the list of group members. The group members are displayed in a table with the following columns of information about each member:

- *Name*: Indicates the name of the group member.
- *Member Type*: Indicates whether the group member is a user or a group.

Tip: You can add groups to other groups.

- *Email*: Indicates the email address of the group member.
- Source: Indicates whether the group member source is Windows (Active Directory) or the Blueprint Database.

Note: Both Windows and Database member sources can be added to a Database group.

- *Scope*: Indicates the scope of the group.
- License Type: Indicates whether the license is Author, Collaborator or View.

### **Creating project-level groups**

<u>Project administrators with the applicable privileges</u> can create groups at the project level. This means that the group is accessible to a single project. Instance administrators with the applicable privileges have the ability to create groups at the instance level. Groups at the instance level are accessible by all projects.

To create a new project-level group:

- 1. Open the Groups tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the Groups link. The Groups tab is displayed.
- 2. Click the New button on the ribbon and select New Database Group.

The new group is created and the details of the new group are displayed in the *Group Details* panel on the right side of the page.

- 3. Provide a name for the group.
- 4. Provide an email address for the group, if applicable.
- 5. Add members to the group.

Read more about adding members to a group.

6. Click Save.

After you have created a group, you can modify the group details or group members at any time.

### Modifying project-level groups

<u>Project administrators with the correct privileges</u> can only modify groups that exist at the project level. Project administrators can use groups that exist at the instance level, but cannot modify instance-level groups.

**Note**: If you remove a user from a group, the user may lose project privileges. For example, if the group is assigned to a role with *Project Admin* privileges, the user will lose the *Project Admin* privileges after being removed from the group.

To modify an existing project-level group:

- 1. Open the *Groups* tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - 2. Click the **Groups** link.

The *Groups* tab is displayed.

2. Select the group you want to modify.

Select a group by clicking a row in the table. The group details are displayed on the right side of the page.

- 3. Modify the group name, if desired.
- 4. Modify the group email address, if desired.
- 5. Add or remove group members, if desired.

Read more about adding members to a project-level group and removing members from a project-level group.

6. Click Save.

### Adding members to a project-level group

Adding a user to a group is a quick and easy way to grant the user access to the system. When you add a user to a group, the user gains all role privileges that are assigned to the group.

<u>Project administrators with the applicable privileges</u> can only add members to groups that exist at the project level. Project administrators can use groups that exist at the instance level, but cannot modify instance-level groups.

To add members to a project-level group:

- 1. Open the Groups tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the **Groups** link. The *Groups* tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the group you want to modify.

Select a group by clicking a row in the table. The group details are displayed on the right side of the page.

3. Click the Add button.

The Select Members dialog appears.

4. Select the user(s) and/or group(s) that you want to add to the group.

You can select multiple items by holding the Ctrl key and clicking multiple users and groups. Click the *Groups* or *Users* tab to toggle between the users list and groups list.

- 5. Click **OK** to add the selected user(s) and/or group(s) to the group.
- 6. Click Save.

### **Removing members from a project-level group**

Project administrators can only remove members from groups that exist at the project level. Project administrators can use groups that exist at the instance level, but cannot modify instance-level groups.

**Note**: If you remove a user from a group, the user may lose project privileges. For example, if the group is assigned to a role with Project Admin privileges, the user will lose the Project Admin privileges after being removed from the group.

### To remove members from a project-level group:

- 1. Open the *Groups* tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Groups** link.
    - The *Groups* tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the member(s) that you want to remove from the group.

You can select multiple items by holding the Ctrl key and clicking multiple users and groups.

- 3. Click the **Remove** button.
- 4. Click Save.

### Managing project role assignments

Project role assignments are used by project administrators to assign users or groups to a particular role for a particular project. In other words, project administrators can grant access to the system by assigning users and groups to project roles. The level of access granted depends on the project role that you assign. User creation must be performed by the instance administrator, but project administrators have the ability to assign users and groups to project roles. This provides project administrators with the ability to control which users and groups can access artifacts in the project. Project role assignments can be set at the project level or the artifact level.

Example

Cathy, a business analyst, wants to obtain feedback from the legal team on artifacts in a project.

The individuals on the legal team are already included in a group called **Legal Team** and there is already a project role called **Reviewers** that includes **Read** and **Comment** privileges across the entire project.

Cathy simply assigns the **Legal Team** group to the **Reviewers** project role. All of the individuals on the legal team can now view and comment on artifacts in the project.

Project role assignments are performed on the *Project Role Assignments* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. When you open the *Project Role Assignments* tab, the project role assignments are displayed in the leftmost panel, and the role assignment details are displayed in the rightmost panel. The *Project Role Assignments* tab looks like this:

Cros	s-Project M	. Project Role As	signments ×		
Proj	ect Role As	signments			Project Role Assignment Details
	Identity 🍸	Identity Type 🍸	Project Role	Scope 🗸	Identity:
>	2user	User	power ba	Cross-Project Move	User : 2user
	docstest	User	Project admin for modifying structure	Cross-Project Move	Project Role:
	docstest2	User	author	Cross-Project Move	power ba
					Scope: ) Project ) Folder or Artifact Cross-Project Move
					100% 🕢 🗔 🕞 🖉

The left side of the page provides you with a table containing the following columns of information about each project role assignment:

- *Identity*: Indicates the name of the user or group that is assigned to the role.
- Display Name: Indicates the display name that is associated with the role assignment.
- *Identity Type*: Indicates whether the role is assigned to a *User* or a *Group*.
- Project Role: Indicates the name of the role. Roles are defined by project administrators on the Project Roles tab.
- Scope: Indicates the name of the project, folder, or artifact to which the project role assignment is applicable. Project role assignments can be applied at the project level, or the artifact/folder level. If the scope is set to a folder, users have access to everything in that folder (and below it) including newly added artifacts.

After you select a project role assignment from the table, the project role assignment details are displayed on the right side of the page.

## **Creating project role assignments**

Adding a new project role assignment grants privileges to a person or group based on the selected project role. The project role assignment can be applied to the entire project, or limited to a particular folder or artifact.

**Note**: Each project role assignment grants access to a single user or group. If you want to assign a project role to multiple users, you can either 1) create a separate project role assignment for each user, or you

can <u>create a project-level group</u> with those users and then create a project role assignment for that group.

### To add a new project role assignment:

- 1. Open the Project Role Assignments tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - 2. Click the **Project Role Assignments** link.

The *Project Role Assignments* tab is displayed.

2. Click the **New** button on the ribbon.

The Select Identity dialog is displayed.

3. Select the user or group for the new role assignment and click **OK**.

Click the *Users* and *Group* tabs to toggle between the list of users and groups. You can only select one user or group for each role assignment. If you want to assign multiple users to the role, consider creating a new group with the users that require access.

After you click **OK**, the new project role assignment is created and the details of the new role assignment are displayed in the *Project Role Assignment Details* panel on the right side of the page.

- 4. Change the identity, if desired.
- 5. Select the role that you want to assign.

All project roles are displayed in the drop-down list. You must create at least one role before you can create a role assignment.

6. Set the project role assignment scope.

The project role assignment scope allows you to control whether the project role assignment applies to the entire project, or to a specific folder or artifact.

7. Click Save.

After you add a project role assignment, you can modify the project role assignment details at any time.

### Modifying project role assignments

When you update a project role assignment, the changes are effective immediately. If the identity is changed, the previous user or group immediately loses the privileges defined in the project role, and the newly selected identity gains the privileges.

To modify a project role assignment:

- 1. Open the Project Role Assignments tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the Project Role Assignments link. The Project Role Assignments tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the project role assignment you want to modify.

Simply click a row in the table. The role assignment details are displayed on the right side of the page.

- 3. Change the identity, if desired.
- 4. Change the project role, if desired.

- 5. Change the scope of the project role assignment, if desired.
- 6. Click Save.

## **Deleting project role assignments**

When you delete a project role assignment, the users and groups immediately lose the privileges defined by that role.

To delete a project role assignment:

- 1. Open the Project Role Assignments tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Project Role Assignments** link.
  - The *Project Role Assignments* tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the project role assignment you want to delete.

Simply click a row in the table to select a project role assignment.

3. Click the **Delete** button on the ribbon.

### Managing custom artifact types

<u>Project administrators with the correct privileges</u> can create custom artifact types at the project level to meet the needs of the project. Each custom artifact type must have a unique ID prefix and must be associated with one of the pre-configured base types. Custom artifact types provide you with an extremely large amount of flexibility in the way you categorize the artifacts in your projects.

### Example

Tyler, a business analyst, is configuring a new project which involves the creation of a large number of business and functional requirements in textual form. He wants to ensure there is a high level of visibility between business and functional requirements.

He considered adding a custom property (with *Business* or *Functional* options) to the existing **Textual Requirement** artifact, but he feels it will not offer enough visibility.

Tyler decides to create two different artifact types called **Business Requirements** and **Functional Requirements**. He sets the Base Type to *TextualRequirement* for both of the new artifact types. Tyler deletes the existing **Textual Requirement** artifact type as it is no longer needed. Now, users must choose between a business requirement or a functional requirement when creating a new requirement.

Project administrators with the correct privileges can create and edit custom artifact types using the *Custom Artifact Types* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. The *Custom Artifact Types* tab looks like this:

g a column header	and drop it here to group by that col	umn				Artifact Type	Details			
Prefix 🛛 🍸	Name 🛛 🗸	Base Type	Group Label	Is Standard 🏹	Use In This Project 🏹 📤	Name				Ic
BUS	Business Requirement	Textual Requirement	Standard Artifact Types	<b>V</b>		Use Case (St	andard)			
NON	Non-functional Requirement	Textual Requirement	Standard Artifact Types	4		Prefix				cl
CUST	Customer	Actor	Standard Artifact Types	4		UC-STD				
FEAT	Feature	Textual Requirement	Standard Artifact Types	1	2	Tooltip				
THE	Theme	Textual Requirement	Standard Artifact Types	1	2	Edit Descript	tion			
EP	Epic	Textual Requirement	Standard Artifact Types	4	1	Group Label				
USE	User Story	Textual Requirement	Standard Artifact Types	4	V					
UC-STD	Use Case (Standard)	Use Case				Base Type				
SB-STD	Storyboard (Standard)	Storyboard			1	Default Descrip	tion			
TR-STD	Text Requirement (Standard)	Textual Requirement			V		r Interface + 8	BIU	abe 🛞 🗙 💐	<u>v • A • ≣ •</u>
BP-STD	Business Process (Standard)	Business Process Diagram			V					
SEC	Security Requirement (STD)	Textual Requirement			V					
STD-PRF	Performance Requirement	Textual Requirement			×.					
CO-STD	Compliance Requirement	Textual Requirement			×.					
TBP Prefix	To Be Promoted	Generic Diagram	TBP Group Label		×.	🗹 Use This Ar	tifact Type In This Pr	oject		
STDDOC	Standard Document	Document			×.	Artifact Proper	ties Manage Pr	operties		
STB Pref	Standard Baseline	Baseline			×.	Group	Name	Width	Height	
STD Rev Prefix	Standard Review	Review			1	⊿ General	Name	width	neight	Add Property
RAC	Demo Reuse Actor	Actor	Reuse Demo		×.	a General	Name	1 Column		Remove Property
RUC	Reuse Use Case	Use Case	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		×.		ArtifactType	1 Column		
Reuse 2	SAT Glossary	Glossary	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		1		Regulation Date	1 Column		Edit Property
Reuse 1	SAT Use Case Diagram	Use Case Diagram	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		1		Release	1 Column		
Reuse 3	SAT Domain Diagram	Domain Diagram	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		1		Risk	1 Column		
Reuse 4	SAT Generic Diagram	Generic Diagram	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		1	▲ Details	RISK	1 Column	1	
Reuse 5	SAT UI Mockup	UI Mockup	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		1	- Decalis	Description			
Reuse 6	SAT Baseline	Baseline	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		1		Description			
Reuse 7	SAT Business Process Diagram	Business Process Diagram	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		V				Advanced	Save Canc
Reuse 8	SAT Storyboard	Storyboard	Reuse Standard Artifact Types		Z					

The left side of the page provides you with a table containing the following columns of information about each artifact type:

- Name: Indicates the name of the artifact type. This name appears in the list of options when users are selecting a new artifact to create. It also appears in the Artifact Type column when users are viewing the artifact list.
- Prefix: Indicates the ID prefix of the artifact type. Prefixes are unique across artifact types. All artifacts have a unique ID that begins with this prefix.
- Tooltip: If specified, provides a tooltip description when users are selecting a new artifact to create and they hover over the artifact type.
- *Group Label*: If specified, this artifact type appears under the specified label when users are selecting a new artifact to create.
- Base Type: All artifact types must have a base type. The base type determines the type of editor that is used when a user opens an artifact. The available base types are pre-configured.
- *Is Standard*: Indicates the artifact type exists in all projects across the instance.

**Note:** Standard artifact types can only be edited at the instance level by instance administrators with the applicable privileges.

After you select a custom artifact type from the table, the custom artifact type details are displayed on the right side of the page.

### **Creating custom artifact types**

You can create custom artifact types in order to meet the needs of your project.

**Tip:** Instance administrators with the correct privileges have the option of creating standard artifact types that exist across all projects in the instance, not just in individual projects. For more information on creating standard artifact types, see Creating standard artifact types.

#### To create a new custom artifact type:

- 1. Open the Custom Artifact Types tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the Custom Artifact Typeslink. The Custom Artifact Types tab is displayed.
- 2. Click the **New** button on the ribbon.

The new artifact type is created and the details of the artifact type are displayed in the *Artifact Type Details* panel on the right side of the page.

- 3. Specify the artifact type details.
  - Name: Indicates the name of the artifact type. This name appears in the list of options when users are selecting a new artifact to create. It also appears in the Artifact Type column when users are viewing the artifact list.
  - Icon: If a new icon is added, the new icon appears in the list of options when users are selecting a new artifact to create. It also appears in the *Artifact Type* column when users are viewing the artifact list. Any uploaded icon should be a PNG or JPG file that is 32x32 pixels.
  - Prefix: Indicates the ID prefix of the artifact type. Prefixes are unique across artifact types. All artifacts have a unique ID that begins with this prefix.

Note: The following base type prefixes are already in use within Blueprint: AC, BP, DOC, DD, GD, GL, PF, PR, RQ, SB, UC, UCD, UM.

- Tooltip: Provides a description of the artifact type when you pause on an item with the artifact type in the artifact list.
- Group Label: If specified, this artifact type appears under the specified label when users are selecting a new artifact to create. To set the group label, simply use the drop-down to select an existing group label, or type the name of a new group label into the field. If no value is specified, the artifact types appear under the *Default* label.

In the example below, all artifact types are displayed under the *Default* label, except for the artifacts under the label called **Textual Requirement Group**:

Field	Туре 🍸	Priority	V	Re		Agile Pack		
					=	Epic (Agile Pack)		
					7	Feature (Agile Pack)		
					8	Theme (Agile Pack)		
						User Story (Agile Pack)	Cu	stom Group Label
						Business		amed Business
					망	Business Process Diagram	_	
					B	Business Requirement		
					R	Business Rule		
	New Chi	ld Artifac	t	۲	ł	Domain Diagram		
	New Chi	ld Folder				Default	L	efault (i.e. blank) Group Label
1	Open				T	Information	_	•
×	Cut					System		
-	Сору				8	Actor		
<b>a</b>	Paste				D	Data Definitions		
×	Delete				E	Error Messages		
aĵe	Rename				F	Functional Requirement		
aje R	Bulk Up				Q	Quality of Service Requireme	ent	
						Screen		
-	Version	Compare			S	Screen Definitions		
	Reuse			•	멉	Storyboard		
	Export to			ł	0	Use Case		
				1	38	Use Case Diagram		
	Baseline			1	U	User Requirement		
	Share					Uncategorized		
	Follow					Document		
	Unfollow				\$	Generic Diagram		
3	Close				<sup>R</sup> z	Glossary		
					T	Textual Requirement		

- Base Type: All artifact types must have a base type. The base type determines the type of editor that is used when a user opens an artifact. The available base types are pre-configured.
- Description: Provides a description of the artifact type, such as the purpose or intended usage.
- Properties: Indicates any custom properties that are applied to this artifact type. Place a check
  mark beside the custom properties that are applicable to this artifact type. Click the Manage
  Properties link to add or manage custom properties.

**Tip**: You can customize the display order and layout of properties.

4. Click Save.

**Important:** To see any changes you have made to custom artifact types, you need to click the ribbon menu icon and then click **Refresh All**.

### Modifying custom artifact types

To modify an existing custom artifact type:

**Warning:** Modifying an existing custom artifact type can result in data loss! For example, if you change the Base Type of an artifact type from *GenericDiagram* to *TextualRequirement*, the existing artifacts of that type will no longer contain diagrams.

- 1. Open the *Custom Artifact Types* tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - Click the Custom Artifact Typeslink. The Custom Artifact Types tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the artifact type you want to modify.

Select an artifact type by clicking a row in the table. The artifact type details are displayed on the right side of the page.

- 3. Update the artifact type details.
  - Name: Indicates the name of the artifact type. This name appears in the list of options when users are selecting a new artifact to create. It also appears in the Artifact Type column when users are viewing the artifact list.
  - Icon: If a new icon is added, the new icon appears in the list of options when users are selecting a new artifact to create. It also appears in the *Artifact Type* column when users are viewing the artifact list. Any uploaded icon should be a PNG or JPG file that is 32x32 pixels.
  - Prefix: Indicates the ID prefix of the artifact type. Prefixes are unique across artifact types. All artifacts have a unique ID that begins with this prefix.

Note: The following base type prefixes are already in use within Blueprint: AC, BP, DOC, DD, GD, GL, PF, PR, RQ, SB, UC, UCD, UM.

- Tooltip: Provides a description of the artifact type when you pause on an item with the artifact type in the artifact list.
- Group Label: If specified, this artifact type appears under the specified label when users are selecting a new artifact to create. To set the group label, simply use the drop-down to select an existing group label, or type the name of a new group label into the field. If no value is specified, the artifact types appear under the *Default* label.

In the example below, all artifact types are displayed under the *Default* label, except for the artifacts under the label called **Textual Requirement Group**:

Field	Туре 🍸	Priority	V	Re		Agile Pack		
					=	Epic (Agile Pack)		
					7	Feature (Agile Pack)		
					8	Theme (Agile Pack)		
						User Story (Agile Pack)	Cu	stom Group Label
						Business		amed Business
					망	Business Process Diagram	_	
					B	Business Requirement		
					R	Business Rule		
	New Chi	ld Artifac	t	۲	ł	Domain Diagram		
	New Chi	ld Folder				Default	L	efault (i.e. blank) Group Label
1	Open				T	Information	_	•
×	Cut					System		
-	Сору				8	Actor		
<b>a</b>	Paste				D	Data Definitions		
×	Delete				E	Error Messages		
aĵe	Rename				F	Functional Requirement		
aje R	Bulk Up				Q	Quality of Service Requireme	ent	
						Screen		
-	Version	Compare			S	Screen Definitions		
	Reuse			•	멉	Storyboard		
	Export to			ł	0	Use Case		
	Condecie			1	38	Use Case Diagram		
	Baseline			1	U	User Requirement		
	Share					Uncategorized		
	Follow					Document		
	Unfollow				\$	Generic Diagram		
3	Close				<sup>R</sup> z	Glossary		
					T	Textual Requirement		

- Base Type: All artifact types must have a base type. The base type determines the type of editor that is used when a user opens an artifact. The available base types are pre-configured.
- Description: Provides a description of the artifact type, such as the purpose or intended usage.
- Properties: Indicates any custom properties that are applied to this artifact type. Place a check mark beside the custom properties that are applicable to this artifact type. Click the Manage Properties link to add or manage custom properties.

Tip: You can customize the display order and layout of properties.

4. Click Save.

### **Deleting custom artifact types**

To delete a custom artifact type:

**Note**: Before you can delete a custom artifact type, you must delete all existing artifacts of that particular type.

- 1. Open the Custom Artifact Types tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - 2. Click the **Custom Artifact Types**link.

2. Select the artifact type you want to delete.

Select an artifact type by clicking a row in the table. The artifact type details are displayed on the right side of the page.

- 3. Click the **Delete** button on the ribbon.
  - The confirmation dialog appears.
- 4. Click **OK** to confirm the deletion.

## Customizing the layout of custom properties

Project administrators with the correct privileges can customize the layout of custom artifact properties in order to control how the information is presented to Blueprint users. For example, you can display your custom property data using tabs, or adjust the width and height of text properties.

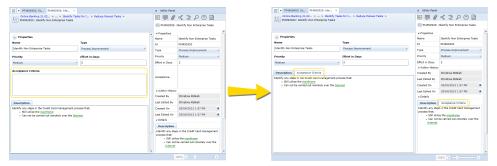
Before you can customize the layout of custom properties, the custom property must already exist. Learn more about creating custom properties.

#### Example

Jesse, a business analyst, has been storing a lot of business requirement content within an artifact type, *Process Improvement*. There are a large number of text properties associated with the artifact, resulting in an overwhelming page with too much textual information. To improve the organization of her *Process Improvement* business requirements, Jesse displays her custom properties and their content within tabs. As a result, her page is no longer overwhelming, and her content appears in smaller, more digestible chunks.

#### **Tabbed layout**

You can lay out your custom properties using tabs as long as the custom properties are multi-line rich-text properties and you place your custom properties under the *Details* group in the *Add/Edit Property* editor.



### **Property height**

One of several layout options you have is altering the height of your custom property. You can make your custom property into a single-line property (fixed height) or a multi-line text property (single, double or triple height setting).

#### **Property width**

You can make your custom property into a one-column field or a two-column property. One-column and twocolumn properties have similar character limits. However, more data can be visually displayed within a two-column property.

Properties		Properties	
Name Ty	ype	Name	Туре
Identify Non Enterprise Tasks Pr	Process Improvement +	Identify Non Enterprise Tasks	Process Improvement
Attachment Details Pr	riority	Attachment Details	
M	Medium +		
Effort in Days		Priority	Effort in Days
2		Medium	2

By default, all properties have the width of a single standard column. You have the option of extending any singleline, one-column custom property to a two-column width.

Generally, one-column properties are more often used for numeric data whereas two column properties are used for short textual data.

### Displaying a custom property in a tabbed layout

To display a custom property in a tabbed layout:

**Note:** A custom property can only be displayed in a tabbed layout if the custom property is a multi-line and rich-text property.

- 1. Within the Project Admin, click Artifact Types.
  - The Artifact Type page appears.
- 2. In the artifact list, click the artifact type that you want to organize into a tabbed layout.

The artifact type details appear on the rightmost side.

3. In the Properties section, click Add Property.

The *Add/Edit Property* dialog box appears.

- 4. From the Property menu, select your custom property.
- 5. From the *Group* menu, select **Details** to make your property appear in the bottom section of your artifact type as a tab.
- 6. Click **OK**.

Within the *Properties* section, your custom property appears in the *Details* group.

- 7. Click Save.
- 8. Click Close Project Admin.
- 9. To see your changes, click the *menu* button on the ribbon Menu, select *Refresh* and then click **Refresh All**.

After refreshing all, the custom property appears in a tab within the main content area and in the Utility Panel (*Properties* tab, *Details* section) of the artifact type.

### Changing the height of a custom property

### To change the height of a multi-line custom property:

- 1. Within the Project Admin, click **Artifact Types**.
  - The Artifact Type page appears.
- 2. In the artifact type list, select the artifact type that contains your custom property.

The artifact type details appear on the rightmost side of the page.

- In the *Properties* section, select your property and then click Edit Property. The Add/Edit Property dialog box appears.
- 4. From the *Group* menu, select **General**.

Note: Only multi-line properties belonging to the General group can be resized.

5. From the *Height* menu, select the height you want.

Single is the smallest multi-line property size whereas triple is the largest property size.

6. Click OK.

Your updated property appears in the *Properties* section.

- 7. Click Save.
- 8. Click Close Project Admin.
- 9. To see your changes, click the application menu on the ribbon, select Refresh and then click Refresh All.

After refreshing all, your custom property appears in a multi-line property within the top area of the artifact type.

### Changing the width of a custom property

#### To change the width of a custom property:

1. Within the Project Admin, click Artifact Types.

The Artifact Type page appears.

- In the artifact list, click the artifact type that you want to display in a two-column property. The artifact type details appear on the rightmost side.
- 3. In the *Properties* section, do one of the following:

Click **Add Property** to select your custom property and then, from the *Property* menu, select your property. --Or--

Select one of the default properties and then click Edit Property.

- 4. From the *Width* menu in the Add/Edit Property dialog box, select **2 Column**.
- 5. Click OK.

Your property appears in the Properties section.

- 6. Click Save.
- 7. Click Close Project Admin.
- 8. To see your changes, click the *application menu* on the ribbon, select *Refresh* and then click **Refresh All**.

After refreshing all, your custom property appears in a two-column property within the main content area of the artifact type.

### Managing custom properties

A *custom property* refers to the descriptive data that is associated with an artifact or sub-artifact. All custom properties are created by project administrators for individual projects.

Project administrators with the applicable privileges can create custom properties and apply them to one or more artifact or sub-artifact types. Custom properties are defined and managed on the *Custom Properties* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. The *Properties* tab looks like this:

BP Air - Rewards P	Custom Properties ×		
Drag a column header and	drop it here to group by the	at column	Properties Details
Name 🕺 🏹	Property Type 🛛 🏹	Is Standard 🍸	Name
Estimate	Text	1	Priority
Priority	Choice		Туре
Request	Text	1	Choice
Stability	Number		Settings
UI Exposure			Required
			Allow Custom Value
			Allow Multiple Choices
			Valid Values
			Applies To Artifact Types Manage Artifact Types
			Actor
			✓ Baseline
			✓ Baseline & Review Folder
			Business Process Diagram
			CTest
			Document
			Domain Diagram
			V Folder
			Save Cancel

The left side of the page provides you with a table containing the following columns of information about each custom property:

- *Name*: Indicates the name of the custom property.
- Type: The custom property can be one of the following types: text, number, date/time, choice, or user/group.
- *Is Standard*: Indicates the property exists in all projects across the instance.

**Note:** Standard properties can only be edited at the instance level by an instance administrator with the <u>applicable privileges</u>.

After you select a custom property from the table, the custom property details are displayed on the right side of the page.

**Tip:** The option to replace a custom property with a standard property is available to <u>project</u> <u>administrators with the applicable privileges</u>. Replacing a custom property with the standard effectively applies your property to all projects in the instance.

### **Creating custom properties**

You can create custom properties in order to meet the needs of your project.

#### Single-line properties vs. multi-line text properties

Generally, single-line properties are used for numeric data and multi-line text properties are used to organize larger amounts of textual data.

This table demonstrates more differences between single-line properties and multi-line text properties:

Single-line properties	Multi-line text properties
Can contain a limited amount of text	Can hold multiple lines of text

<ul> <li>Vertical size cannot be changed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vertical size can be changed using the Article Types tab in the Project Administration Console (Artifact's Properties section)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Can have a width of one column or two columns</li> </ul>	Has a fixed width
<ul> <li>Can only appear within the top section of the main content area and the <i>Properties</i> tab</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can only appear within the bottom section of the main content area and the <i>Properties</i> tab</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Cannot display your custom property as a tab</li> </ul>	Can only display your custom property as a tab

#### To create a new custom property:

- 1. Open the *Properties* tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Properties** link.
    - The *Properties* tab is displayed.
- 2. Click the **New** button on the ribbon.

The new property is created and the details of the property are displayed in the *Property Details* panel on the right side of the page.

- 3. Specify the custom property details.
  - Name: Indicates the name of the custom property.
  - Type: The custom property can be one of the following types: text, number, date/time, choice, or user/group.
  - Settings: The settings options are different depending on the selected Type. Here are the associated settings for each Type:
    - Text:
      - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
      - Rich Text: Defines whether or not the field supports rich text.
      - Multi Line: Defines whether or not the field supports multi lines of text.
      - Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.
    - Number
      - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
      - Validated: Defines whether or not the value specified for this property is validated.
      - Number of decimal places: Defines the number of decimal places to save.
      - Max Value: Defines the maximum acceptable number. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
      - Min Value: Defines the minimum acceptable number. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.

Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.

#### Date/Time

- Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
- Validated: Defines whether or not the value specified for this property is validated.
- Max Value: Defines the latest acceptable date. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
- Min Value: Defines the earliest acceptable date. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
- Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.

#### Choice

- Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
- Allow Custom Value: Defines whether or not users can specify a custom value for this property.
- Allow Multiple Choices: Defines whether or not users can select more than one choice for this property.
- Set Valid Values: Click this button to add, delete, and reorder the valid choices for this property.
- User/Group
  - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
  - Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.
- Applies To Artifact Types: Place a checkmark beside the artifact types that should contain this property. Click the Manage Artifact Types link to add or manage artifact types.
- 4. Click Save.

### **Modifying custom properties**

**Warning**: Modifying a custom property can result in lost data. For example, if you change the property type, the current data is lost. Additionally, if you remove the custom property from one or more artifact types, the custom property data is lost for those types of artifact.

To modify an existing custom property:

- 1. Open the Properties tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the Properties link. The Properties tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the custom property you want to modify.

Select a property by clicking a row in the table. The property details are displayed on the right side of the page.

a colorini neader and i	drop it here to group by I	that column	Properties Details
lame	V Property Type V	Is Standard 😽	Name
stimate	Text		Priority
riority	Choice		Туре
lequest	Text	1	Choice
Stability	Number		Settings
JI Exposure	Choice		Required
			Allow Custom Value
			Allow Multiple Choices
			Valid Values
			Applies To Artifact Types Manage Artifact Types
			Applies To Artifact Types Manage Artifact Types
			Applies To Artifact Types Manage Artifact Types
			Applies To Artifact Types Manage Artifact Types
			Applies To Artifact Types Manage Artifact Types
			Applies To Artifact Types Actor Sealine Sealine Sealine Sealine
			Applies To Artifact Types Actor Actor Seaseline Seaseline Business Process Diagram
			Applies To Artifact Types Actor Actor Baseline Baseline & Business Process Diagram CTest
			Applies To Artifact Types Applies To Artifact Types Actor Baseline Baseline & Review Folder Business Process Diagram Crest Document

- 3. Update the custom property details.
  - Name: Indicates the name of the custom property.
  - Type: The custom property can be one of the following types: text, number, date/time, choice, or user/group.
  - Settings: The settings options are different depending on the selected Type. Here are the associated settings for each Type:
    - Text:
      - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
      - Rich Text: Defines whether or not the field supports rich text.
      - Multi Line: Defines whether or not the field supports multi lines of text.
      - Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.
    - Number
      - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
      - Validated: Defines whether or not the value specified for this property is validated.
      - Number of decimal places: Defines the number of decimal places to save.
      - Max Value: Defines the maximum acceptable number. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
      - Min Value: Defines the minimum acceptable number. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
      - Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.
    - Date/Time
      - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.

- Validated: Defines whether or not the value specified for this property is validated.
- Max Value: Defines the latest acceptable date. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
- Min Value: Defines the earliest acceptable date. This option is only applicable if the Validated option is enabled.
- Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.
- Choice
  - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
  - Allow Custom Value: Defines whether or not users can specify a custom value for this property.
  - Allow Multiple Choices: Defines whether or not users can select more than one choice for this property.
  - Set Valid Values: Click this button to add, delete, and reorder the valid choices for this property.
- User/Group
  - Required: Defines whether or not the property is required. If the property is required, artifacts cannot be saved unless a value for this property is specified.
  - Has Default Value: Defines whether or not the property has a default value. If enabled, specify the default value into the space below.
- Applies To Artifact Types: Place a checkmark beside the artifact types that should contain this property. Click the Manage Artifact Types link to add or manage artifact types.
- 4. Click Save.

### **Deleting custom properties**

To delete a custom property:

**Warning**: Deleting a custom property results in data lost. The custom property data is lost for all artifacts if the custom property is deleted.

- 1. Open the *Properties* tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the Properties link. The Properties tab is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Delete** button on the ribbon.

The confirmation dialog appears.

3. Click **OK** to confirm the deletion.

### Associating custom properties with sub-artifacts

Blueprint allows project administrators with the correct privileges to associate custom properties with sub-artifacts (such as shapes, connectors, glossary terms, and so on). This allows you to associate various types of data with subartifacts in the system. You can also control the order in which the properties are displayed so it is easier to view the information in the utility panel.

#### Example

Fred manages the glossary artifacts in Blueprint. The company has started developing the next version of the product, and some of the terms are no longer applicable.

Fred decides to create a custom property called Version and associate the custom property with the Glossary Term sub-artifact type.

Now, Fred can set the version on each artifact type so there is no confusion about whether or not the term is applicable to the new product.

Custom properties are added to sub-artifacts on the *Sub Artifacts* tab in *the Project Administration Console*. The *Sub Artifacts* tab looks like this:

Onlin	e Banking Sub-Artifacts ×							
Sul	-Artifact Types	F	Properties (	of Sub-Artifa	ct Manag	Proper	ties	
	Sub-Artifact		Group	Name	Width	Height		
>	Document: Bookmark		d General		widen	Height		Add Property
	Use Case: Pre Condition		4 General	Name	1 Column			Remove Property
	Use Case: Post Condition			ArtifactType				
	Use Case: Step		▲ Details	ArtiractType	1 Column			Edit Property
	Glossary: Term		Ja Details	Description				
	Domain Diagram: Connector			Description				
	Domain Diagram: Shape							
	Generic Diagram: Connector							
	Generic Diagram: Shape							
	Business Process Diagram: Connector							
	Business Process Diagram: Shape							
	Storyboard: Connector							
	Storyboard: Shape							
	UI Mockup: Shape							
	Use Case Diagram: Connector							
	Use Case Diagram: Shape							
							2	Save Cancel

**Note**: Blueprint consists of a predefined set of sub-artifact types. You cannot create custom sub-artifact types.

#### Adding a custom property to a sub-artifact

You can add any custom property to any of the predefined sub-artifacts in Blueprint.

#### To add a custom property to a sub-artifact:

- 1. Open the Sub Artifacts tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Sub Artifacts** link.
    - The Sub Artifacts tab is displayed.
- 2. Select a sub-artifact.

To select a sub-artifact, click a row in the table on the left side of the screen. The custom properties are displayed on the right side of the page.

# blueprint

3. Place a checkmark beside the custom properties that you want to associate with the sub artifact.

**Tip**: You can control the order in which the custom properties are displayed in the main experience by selecting a property and clicking the **Up** and **Down** buttons.

You can click the Manage Properties link to add or manage custom properties.

4. Click Save.

#### Removing a custom property from a sub-artifact

**Warning**: Removing a custom property from a sub-artifact results in data loss! If you remove a custom property from a sub-artifact, all data stored for that particular custom property is lost.

To remove a custom property from a sub-artifact:

- 1. Open the Sub Artifacts tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - Click the Sub Artifacts link. The Sub Artifacts tab is displayed.
- 2. Select a sub-artifact.

To select a sub-artifact, click a row in the table on the left side of the screen. The custom properties are displayed on the right side of the page.

- 3. Remove the checkmark beside the custom properties that you no longer want to associate with the sub artifact.
- 4. Click Save.

### Replacing a custom property with the standard

#### Overview

**Caution:** Replacing a custom property with the standard is not reversible and could result in data loss. If possible, make backups of your data before performing this operation.

Blueprint allows you to replace custom properties with standard properties in order to maintain a data standard across projects. Standardization effectively reduces the effort involved in updating data from multiple projects. Only Instance Administrators with the <u>applicable privileges</u> can securely configure standard properties. For more information on standard properties, see About standard properties.

When you replace a custom property, you are prompted to select a standard property to take its place. Any artifact types you have selected for the custom property replace any artifact types associated with the selected standard property.

In the Project Administration Console, you can easily replace a custom property with the standard by selecting it in the *Custom Properties* list, right-clicking it and then clicking **Replace with Standard**.

BP	Air (Latest Ver	Custom Properties X			
Dra	g a column header a	and drop it here to group by that	col	umn	
	Name	5	7	Property Type 🍸	Is Standard 🍸
	Goal in Context	New	1	Text	
	Scope	Delete	L	Text	
	Trigger	Replace with Standard		Text	
	Overview		J	Text	

**Tip:** We recommend establishing standard properties early on, avoiding the need to standardize custom properties later on.

To replace a custom property with a standard property:

- 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
- 2. Click Custom Properties (Customize Project section).

The Custom Properties tab appears.

3. Select the custom property and then select **Replace with Standard** from the **More Actions** menu (*Actions* group).

The Custom Property Replacement dialog appears.

4. Select a standard property in the list.

To see more properties, you can select the **Display Incompatible Properties** check box.

	_		
	Display Incor	npatible Prope	rties
Name	Property Type 🏹	Conflict 🍸	
Rich Text Multi RC2010 ID	Text	None	
Rich Text Demo	Text	None	=
Rich Multi Default	Text	None	-
ails for Selected Item I have chosen to replace custom property 'Goal in Context' th Multi Default' of a compatible type (Text). Once replace, i prridden with those of the standard property and the custom prride any existing standard property associations.	the custom property	's settings wil	be

5. Click **OK**.

The custom property has been successfully replaced with the standard property you selected.

### Managing status values

Blueprint allows project administrators with the correct privileges to add additional discussion status values and approval status values. Custom status values offer flexibility in the way you manage comments and approvals.

Example

Noah, a business analyst, sometimes finds it challenging to get stakeholders to sign off on artifacts. Some of his reviewers do not feel comfortable approving the artifacts until after a few specific changes are made.

In order to simplify the sign off process, Noah creates a new approval status value called **Approved** with **Conditions**. Now, reviewers can simply add a comment to the artifact to describe the conditions, and then set the approval status to **Approved with Conditions**.

Status values are defined and managed using the *Status Values* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. The *Status Values* tab looks like this:

iscussion Status Values			Approval Status Values					
Drag a column header and drop it here to group by that column		Add	Drag a column header and drop it here to group by that column				Add	
Status	Close Discussion	Delete	Status	~	×	$\oslash$	Delete	
		Move Up	Not Specified				Move Up	
Closed	$\checkmark$	Move Down	Approved				Move Dowr	
			Disapproved		$\checkmark$			
			Approved with Conditions					

#### Default status values

The following discussion status values exist by default:

- **Open**: Indicates the discussion status is open. When a discussion is open, users can reply to comments in the discussion.
- Closed: Indicates the discussion status is closed. When a discussion is closed, users can no longer reply to comments in the discussion.

The following approval status values exist by default:

- Not Specified: Indicates the review participant has not approved or disapproved the artifact. This is the default approval status value. After a review participant has approved or disapproved an artifact, the reviewer can still change the status back to Not Specified.
- **Approved**: Indicates the review participant has approved the artifact.
- Disapproved: Indicates the review participant has disapproved the artifact.

Note: You cannot modify or delete the default status values.

### Creating a new approval status value

Each custom approval status must be set to one of the following types: *Approved*, *Disapproved*, or *Not Specified*. You cannot add additional types, but you can create multiple status values and associate them with the existing types.

# blueprint

After you create a new approval status value, the new status appears in the appropriate drop-down in the *Reviewers Experience*. For example, the image below displays the **Approved** drop-down options that appear in the *Reviewers Experience* after a new status (named **Approved with Conditions**) was added:



To create a new approval status value:

- 1. Open the Status Values tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Status Values** link.

The Status Values tab is displayed.

2. Click the New button on the ribbon and select New Approval Status.

The new approval status appears as a new row in the table.

3. Specify a name for the new approval status.

The specified name appears as a new drop-down option under one of the following buttons in the *Reviewers Experience*: **Approved**, **Disapproved**, or **Not Specified**.

4. Specify whether this new status indicates the artifact is approved, disapproved, or not specified.

This setting controls whether the new status value appears under the **Approved**, **Disapproved**, or **Not Specified** drop-down option on the ribbon in the *Reviewers Experience* 

### Creating a new discussion status value

You can create many discussion status values, but each one must mark the discussion as either open or closed.

#### Example

Project administrators may want to create a discussion status for discussions that are either accepted or rejected. Accepted discussions will likely remain open until the changes are implemented. Rejected discussions will likely close the discussion.

To create a new discussion status value:

- 1. Open the Status Values tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - 2. Click the Status Values link.
    - The Status Values tab is displayed.
- 2. Click the New button on the ribbon and select New Status.

The new discussion status appears as a new row in the table.

3. Specify a name for the new discussion status.

This is the name that will appear as a new drop-down option located beside each discussion in the utility panel.

4. Place a checkmark in the *Close Discussion* column if you want the new discussion status to close the discussion.

Note: After a discussion is closed, users can no longer reply to the comments in the discussion.

### **Deleting a status value**

If you delete an approval status value, any artifacts that are associated with that approval status are automatically updated with the *Not Specified* status value.

If you delete a discussion status value, existing discussions continue to be associated with the deleted status. However, the deleted status value is no longer displayed as an option in the drop-down list.

To delete a status value:

- 1. Open the Status Values tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - Click the Status Values link. The Status Values tab is displayed.
- 2. Select the status value that you want to delete.
- 3. Click the **Delete** button on the ribbon.

## Configuring project details

<u>Project administrators with the correct privileges</u> can use *Project Details* tab to change project details such as the project description.

The Project Details tab looks like this:

Online Banking Project Details x	
Project Details	
Name	
Online Banking	
Description	
This is the online banking project.	
Location	
/Raptor/Steph/	
Extract Project XML Data	
Open	
	Save Cancel
10	00%

## **blueprint**

## Changing the project name

**Note**: Project administrators cannot change the project name. You must be an Instance Administrator with the correct privileges to modify the project name.

The project name is displayed in the *Open Project* dialog when a user opens the project:

jects		Project Details
arch	Q	Name
► Shivi		BP Airways (sample)
► 🧮 Social Collaboration		Description
🕨 🚞 Sohail		This is a sample project for BP Airways.
🗕 🚞 Steph		
— 🍞 Agile Template		
BP Airways (sample)		
— 🇊 Bulk Update		
— 🍞 Getting Started	=	
— 🍞 Online Banking - Example Project - 2013 Mar 15		
— 🍞 RC2010 project		
🌍 Traditional Template		
► 🧰 SV Import	-	

The project name is also displayed in the explorer panel after the project is open:

	Explorer	Brainat
	Discussions	Project Name
	😚 Activity Center	
	🔒 Unpublished Changes( 6 )	
4	🌍 Online Banking 21.02.2013	
	🚞 Executive Sponsor Inter	view
	🚞 Online Banking Website	Project
	🚞 Apply for Credit Card Or	nline Name
	Actors	7
	Baselines and Reviews : On	line Banking 21.02.2013

### To change the project name:

- 1. Open the Project Details tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Project Details** link.
    - The Project Details tab is displayed.
- 2. Set the name of the project.

Type the project name into the Name field.

3. Click the **Save** button to save the project details.

**Note**: If you change the project name, users must close the project and re-open the project with the new name. The project name does not automatically refresh for users who have already opened the project.

## Changing the project description

The project description is displayed in the Open Project dialog when a user opens the project:

ojects		Project Details
arch	Q	Name
► 🔁 Shivi		BP Airways (sample)
► 🚞 Social Collaboration		Description
🕨 🛅 Sohail		This is a sample project for BP Airways.
🖌 🛅 Steph		
— 🌍 Agile Template		
🜍 BP Airways (sample)		
— 🍞 Bulk Update		
— 🌍 Getting Started	=	
— 🌍 Online Banking - Example Project - 2013 Mar 15		
— 🌍 RC2010 project		
🔤 👕 Traditional Template		
► 🚞 SV Import	-	

- 1. Open the *Project Details* tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Project Details** link. The *Project Details* tab is displayed.
- 2. Set the project description.

Type the project description into the Description field.

3. Click the **Save** button to save the project details.

### **Changing the project location**

**Note**: Project administrators cannot change the project location. You must be an <u>Instance Administrator</u> with the correct privileges to modify the project name.

To change the project location:

- 1. Open the Project Details tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click the **Project Details** link.
    - The Project Details tab is displayed.
- 2. Set the project location.
- 3. Click the Save button to save the project details.

### Downloading project XML data

Blueprint provides you with the ability to download your projects in XML format. This file can be used to simplify the authoring of office document templates.

#### To download the project XML data:

- 1. Open the Project Details tab.
  - 1. Open the *Project Administration Console*.
  - Click the Project Details link. The Project Details tab is displayed.

Note: If you are using Internet Explorer 8, you must enable the *automatic prompting for file downloads* security setting before you can download the file from Blueprint. To enable this setting, click Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom level... > Downloads and then enable the Automatic prompting for file downloads option.

2. Click the Open link to view or download the project data in XML format.

The **Open** link is located under the *Extract Project XML Data* heading.

### Managing project-level office document templates

Office document templates can be added at the project level. Once added, users can generate office documents using the data stored in Blueprint artifacts.

**Note:** Office document templates can also be added at the instance level by an instance administrator with the correct privileges.

Here are the typical sequence of events:

- 1. Project administrator authors a new template
- 2. Project administrator adds the template to Blueprint
- 3. Users generate documents using the templates

### Adding an office document template to a project

After you add an office document template, users can generate documents.

#### To add a new document template:

- 1. Open the Office Document Templates tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click Office > Document Templates on the ribbon (Project Admin tab, Project group).
- 2. Click the New button on the ribbon (Project Admin tab, Actions group).
- 3. Configure the settings for the new template:

- Include Files: If selected, the generated document is packaged in a .zip file with the documents and attachments.
- Rich Text Formatting: If selected, any rich text formatting in Blueprint is preserved in the generated document. You can also select the percentage you want to scale font size for rich text fields in the generated document.
- Include Open Discussions: If selected, open discussions are included in the generated document.
- **Include Closed Discussions**: If selected, closed discussions are included in the generated document.
- Attach source data to report output: If selected, the generated document is packaged in a .zip file with the project XML data that was used to generate the document.

The project XML data can be useful if:

- you want to author a template using data and image references from your project.
- you are debugging a problem with the template you are using
- you want to provide Blueprint support with the project XML data that generated the template
- 4. Upload the office document template that you created.
  - 1. Click the **Upload** link.
  - 2. Locate the file that you want to upload.
  - 3. Click **Open**.
- 5. Click Save.

Users can now select this template when they generate office documents.

### Managing ALM targets and security

<u>Project administrators with the applicable privileges</u> can configure ALM targets so users can export Blueprint artifacts to other Application Lifecycle Management (ALM) systems.

<u>Project administrators with the applicable privileges</u> can set the ALM security settings to control which users have access to ALM targets.

When users are performing an ALM Export or generate a Test Plan, they can choose from a pre-populated list of ALM Targets. The ALM Targets that appear in the list is different for each user, depending on whether they have access to the targets. ALM Security allows project administrators to control which ALM Targets appear for each user.

### Supported ALM Systems

**Note:** Integration with the following versions of HP ALM is only available if the HP legacy 32-bit connector has been installed.

Blueprint supports integration with the following ALM systems:

HP ALM 11

**Note:** The Blueprint REST API does not support HP ALM version 11. Native support for HP ALM 11 is available through the COM library and CloudConnect.

# blueprint

- HP ALM 11.5
- HP ALM 11.52
- HP ALM 12
- Microsoft Team Foundation Server 2010
- Microsoft Team Foundation Server 2012
- Microsoft Team Foundation Server 2013

### **Creating ALM targets**

ALM targets provide a connection between Blueprint and your ALM system, allowing you to export artifact information and generated tests to your ALM system.

**Note:** Integration with the following versions of HP ALM is only available if the HP legacy 32-bit connector has been installed.

Blueprint supports integration with the following ALM systems:

HP ALM 11

**Note:** The Blueprint REST API does not support HP ALM version 11. Native support for HP ALM 11 is available through the COM library and CloudConnect.

- HP ALM 11.5
- HP ALM 11.52
- HP ALM 12
- Microsoft Team Foundation Server 2010
- Microsoft Team Foundation Server 2012
- Microsoft Team Foundation Server 2013

**Note:** By default, only <u>project administrators and instance administrators with the correct privileges</u> can access new ALM targets. After you create a new target, you must <u>set the target security to grant access to the ALM target</u> so other users can use it.

**Tip**: Blueprint allows you to create new (empty) targets, or you can create targets based on existing targets in another project.

#### To create a new ALM target:

- 1. Open the ALM Targets tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click ALM > ALM Targets on the ribbon (*Project Admin* tab, *Project* group).
- 2. Click the **New** button on the ribbon (*Project Admin* tab, *Actions* group) and then select one of the following options:

- HP ALM-COM: Creates a new target connecting Blueprint to HP ALM versions 11 and later.
- HP ALM-REST: Creates a new target that allows you to connect Blueprint to HP ALM versions 11.5 and later using the Blueprint REST API.
- **TFS Target**: Creates a new TFS target.
- **From Existing Project**: Creates a new ALM target based on an existing target in another project. If you select this option, you must choose a specific target from another project.

either or .

A new ALM Target is added. The details appear on the rightmost side of the screen.

- 3. Type a **Name** for the new target.
- 4. Set the target **Location**:
  - 1. Click the 🖃 button. The ALM Connection Editor dialog appears.
  - Type the URL of the ALM server (example: http://bps-alm10:8080/almbin or http://vmdev:8080/tfs)

**Note**: If you are accessing the ALM server from the Blueprint Cloud, ensure that you specify the external IP address (instead of the internal IP).

- 3. Specify a valid User Name.
- 4. Specify a valid **Password**.
- 5. Click the **Connect** button.

If you are creating an HP ALM Target, the **Connect** button pre-populates the **Domain** and **Project** fields with valid options.

If you are creating a TFS Target, the **Connect** button pre-populates the **Team Project Collection** and **Team Project** fields with valid options.

- 6. Perform one of the following actions:
  - If you are creating an HP ALM Target:
    - Select the appropriate **Domain** and **Project**
    - Select your desired behavior for deleted artifacts:
      - How do you want Blueprint to handle artifacts that are deleted when exporting to HP ALM?: There are two options:
        - Flag them only (via 'Blueprint Deleted'): This option sets the Blueprint Deleted field to Y in your ALM system if items are deleted in Blueprint. In other words, artifacts are not deleted in your ALM system even if they are deleted in Blueprint.

**Note**: This option requires that you have a **Blueprint Deleted** field configured in your ALM system. For more information, refer to the section titled 'Configuring the Blueprint Deleted field in your ALM system'.

- Delete them: This option deletes artifacts in your ALM system when artifacts are deleted in Blueprint and the changes are exported to the ALM system.
- If you are creating a TFS Target:
  - Select the appropriate Team Project Collection and Team Project
- 7. Click **OK**.
- 5. Configure your target options by clicking the **Target Options** button.

The following options are available for HP ALM Targets:

- How do you want Blueprint to handle artifacts that are deleted when exporting to HP ALM?: There are two options:
  - Flag them only (via 'Blueprint Deleted'): This option sets the Blueprint Deleted field to Y in your ALM system if items are deleted in Blueprint. In other words, artifacts are not deleted in your ALM system even if they are deleted in Blueprint.

**Note**: This option requires that you have a **Blueprint Deleted** field configured in your ALM system. For more information, refer to the section titled 'Configuring the Blueprint Deleted field in your ALM system'.

- Delete them: This option deletes artifacts in your ALM system when artifacts are deleted in Blueprint and the changes are exported to the ALM system.
- Do you want Blueprint to create a hyperlink for each Blueprint relationship so you can easily access related Blueprint artifacts from the ALM system?: If enabled, each exported artifact will contain a hyperlink to each related artifact in Blueprint. If disabled, the exported artifacts will still contain a hyperlink back to the artifact in Blueprint, but will not contain hyperlinks to related artifacts.
- Do you want Blueprint to export the full artifact hierarchy from the root level?: If enabled, Blueprint exports all folders needed to show the artifact hierarchy from the root level to each exported artifact.
- Do you want the Change Summary to only report conflicts related to artifacts that are being exported to the ALM system?: If enabled, conflicts are only reported if you are exporting that particular artifact to the ALM system.
- Do you want Blueprint to maintain the Blueprint hierarchy of artifacts after exporting to HP ALM?: If enabled, Blueprint exports artifacts without impacting a modified artifact hierarchy in ALM. In other words, you can move or alter the hierarchy of artifacts in ALM and maintain that structure after re-exporting the artifacts from Blueprint. This feature allows you to maintain a custom structure in ALM and still take advantage of Blueprint's ability to export artifact changes.
- Do you want to export text fields with Rich Text formatting?: If enabled, Blueprint exports text fields with full rich text formatting. If this option is not enabled, Blueprint exports plain text only.
- What would you like the "Export Path" set to by default in the Export Wizard?: Allows you to make the export easier for users by setting a default export path. If the user does not explicitly set an export path, this default will be used for the export.

The following options are available for TFS Targets:

- Do you want Blueprint to create a hyperlink for each Blueprint relationship so you can easily access related Blueprint artifacts from the ALM system?: If enabled, each exported artifact will contain a hyperlink to each related artifact in Blueprint. If disabled, the exported artifacts will still contain a hyperlink back to the artifact in Blueprint, but will not contain hyperlinks to related artifacts.
- Do you want Blueprint to export the full artifact hierarchy from the root level?: If enabled, Blueprint exports all folders needed to show the artifact hierarchy from the root level to each exported artifact.
- Do you want the Change Summary to only report conflicts related to artifacts that are being exported to the ALM system?: If enabled, conflicts are only reported if you are exporting that particular artifact to the ALM system.
- Do you want to export text fields with Rich Text formatting?: If enabled, Blueprint exports text fields with full rich text formatting. If this option is not enabled, Blueprint exports plain text only.
- What would you like the "Area Path" set to by default in the Export Wizard?: Allows you to make the export easier for users by setting a default area path. If the user does not explicitly set an area path, this default will be used for the export.
- 6. Configure the mapping details:

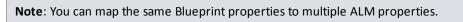
The mapping details allow you map each artifact type to a data field in your ALM system.

1. For each *Artifact Type*, click the drop-down in the *External Type* column and select a data type.

**Tip**: If the **o** icon appears, there is a conflict you must resolve. Resolve the issue and click the **Validate Target** button to re-validate your settings.

2. For each *Artifact Type*, click the **Edit**... button and configure the property mappings on the ALM Field Mapping Editor dialog.

The ALM properties are displayed on rightmost side. Using the drop-down options, map each Blueprint property (on the left) to an ALM property (on the right).



Below are the high-level mapping rules for Blueprint to HP ALM:

		HP QC Types					
		String	Number	DateTime	List	Group List	
	String		(1)		(2)		
Blueprint	Number				(2)		
Types	DateTime				(2)		
	Choice		(1)		(2)		
	User/Group		(1)		(2)		

Will only work If string converts to the underlying data type.
 When value checking is turned on in QC, export will only succeed if the value is in the QC list.

Below are the high-level mapping rules for Blueprint to TFS:

		TFS Types						
		String	Integer	Double	DateTime	PlainText	Html	TreePath
Blueprint Types	String		(1)	(1)				(2)
	Number							
	DateTime							
	Choice		(1)	(1)				(2)
	User/Group		(1)	(1)				

Will only work if string converts to underlying data type.
 Will only work if value is in list of TFS values.

3. When you are finished, click **OK** to close the dialog.

#### 7. Click Save.

You may want to consider <u>setting up the target security</u> to control which users have access to export to the new target.

### Granting access to an ALM target

<u>Project administrators with the applicable privileges</u> can control security by granting access to an ALM target for an individual user or an entire group.

**Note:** Only users that have author licenses can push requirements to the ALM target after access has been granted.

#### To grant access to an ALM target:

- 1. Open the ALM Security tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click ALM > ALM Security on the ribbon (*Project Admin* tab, *Project* group).
- 2. Click the target (on the left side) for which you want to configure security.

The users and groups that have access to the target are displayed on the right side of the screen.

3. Click the **Add** button.

The Select Identity dialog appears.

4. Select the users and/or groups that you want to grant access to, and then click **OK**.

Click the Users and Group tabs to toggle between the list of users and groups.

Tip: You can select multiple users and/or groups by holding the Ctrl key and clicking multiple users and groups. You can also click Ctrl-A to select all.

5. Click Save.

The users and groups now appear in the table, and therefore have access to the ALM target.

### **Revoking access from an ALM target**

To revoke access from an ALM target:

## **blueprint**

- 1. Open the ALM Security tab.
  - 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
  - 2. Click ALM > ALM Security on the ribbon (*Project Admin* tab, *Project* group).
- 2. Click the target (on the left side) for which you want to configure security.

The users and groups that have access to the target are displayed on the right side of the screen.

3. Click the users and/or groups that you want to revoke access from.

Tip: You can select multiple users and/or groups by holding the Ctrl key and clicking multiple users and groups. You can also click Ctrl-A to select all.

- 4. Click Remove.
- 5. Click Save.

After saving, the table reflects the users and groups that have access to export to the ALM target.

### Configuring the commenting settings

Comments allow multiple stakeholders to collaborate on requirements. Blueprint users or e-mail collaborators can add comments to any artifact or sub-artifact, including (but not limited to) textual requirements, use cases, actors, use case steps, diagrams, shapes in diagrams, glossaries, and glossary terms.

As a project administrator with the appropriate privileges, you can control whether or not users can modify and/or delete their published comments.

#### To change the comment settings:

- 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
- 2. Click the Project Settings button on the ribbon.
- 3. Select or clear the following options depending on your preferences:
  - Allow modification of published comments and replies

Select this option if you want users to have the ability to modify their own comments and replies, even after publication.

Allow deletion of published comments and replies

Select this option if you want users to have the ability to delete their own comments and replies.

4. Click Save.

### Modifying the default print template at the project level

Blueprint provides <u>project administrators that have the applicable privileges</u> with a default Word template for the purpose of exporting and printing artifacts.

The template is written and designed using the document template authoring add-in.

1 🗔 🤊	• 0   <del>-</del>	~		Defa	ultPrintTemp	late.docx - I	Aicrosoft W	/ord		
File	Home	Insert	Page Layout	References	Mailings	Review	View	Blueprint	Blueprint Manager	♡ 🤇
	cendify	-If is a text	ual requiremer	st> <sat romin<="" td=""><td>ements tag</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ć</td></sat>	ements tag					ć
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We do not recommend making changes to the template directly unless you have document template authoring experience. For more information about document template authoring, see the <u>Document Template Authoring</u> <u>Help</u>.

**Note:** The default print template can be changed at two different levels of administration privileges. Instance administrators with the applicable privileges can modify the default print template within the *Instance Administration Console*, setting a new default template for all projects. Both instance administrators and project administrators with the applicable privileges can change the default print template within the *Project Administration Console*, which sets a new print template for that individual project only.

Once you change the print template at the project level, changes to the template at the instance level do not override the project level template.

To modify the default print template:

- 1. Open the Project Administration Console.
- 2. Click the Project Print Template link.

**Important:** To restore the system default document template later on, it is a good idea to click the **Download** link to save a copy of the default document template locally. When you want to restore the system default document template, you can simply click the **Replace** link to upload it. If you do not save a copy of the system default document template and you use the **Restore** operation, you will restore the latest document template that has been uploaded by the instance administrator.

3. Create a new template or modify an existing document template.



If you want to modify the existing template, click the **Download** link.

Note: If you are using Internet Explorer 8, you must enable the *automatic prompting for file downloads* security setting before you can download the file from Blueprint. To enable this setting, click Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom level... > Downloads and then enable the Automatic prompting for file downloads option.

If you want to change the scale of rich text font size to improve print quality, you can select a different percentage.

4. Click the **Replace** link.

The save dialog box appears.

- 5. Select your new print template and then click **Open**.
- 6. Click Save.

Your new print template is saved. Whenever you click the **Print to PDF** button or the **Print to Word** button on the ribbon (*Home* tab), your print template is used to export an artifact to a file for printing purposes.

## Configuring project settings

You can change the project settings on the *Project Settings* tab in the *Project Administration Console*. The *Project Settings* tab looks like this:

